Feeding / Nutrients

Instructions for use of nutrients are printed on the nutrient package. Shake liquid nutrients well before adding.

- Add nutrients directly into the water bowl at start-up, and when the ‘Add Nutrient’ reminder activates (every two weeks).
- Add only the amount recommended on the nutrient packaging. Do not overfeed!
- Always top off water level when adding nutrients and when the ‘Add Water’ reminder activates. For best results, top off the water level in your garden regularly.

Reset Your Nutrient Timer

It is important to restart the nutrient timer before planting a new Seed Pod Kit.

Resetting AeroGarden ULTRA Models
- Press and hold ‘Light’ button until ‘Add nutrient’ begins to blink, then release. Now quickly press and release the ‘Light’ button once again.

Resetting AeroGarden 3 Models
- Press and hold ‘Light’ button 2 seconds, then release.

Resetting AeroGarden 3SL Model
- Press and hold ‘Light’ button 2 seconds, then release.

Resetting All Other AeroGarden Models
- Press and release ‘Reset’ button.

Nutrient Requirements by AeroGarden Model

AeroGarden 3/3SL Model
- Feed 4 mL every 2 weeks

AeroGarden 6/7 Model
- Feed 8 mL every 2 weeks

Houseplants
- Feed 2 mL per gallon with weekly watering

Outdoor Gardens
- Feed 4 mL per gallon added weekly to root zone

Caring for Your AeroGarden Plants

- Shortly after planting seeds in your AeroGarden (2 days to 3 weeks, depending on your seed variety), tiny plants will appear through the hole in each Seed Pod label.
- Unless your plants require low light, keep your lights as close to your plants as possible (without burning them).
- Seeds seem to have a mind of their own. While some sprout in a few days, others take up to one month. Check your seed package for details.
- Some plants grow very quickly, some slowly; some tall, some short. Even the same variety of plant can grow differently. Each is unique.
- Some plants, like salads and herbs, grow best when you allow more seeds to grow per pod.
- Tomatoes and peppers grow best with just one plant per pod. When plants are about 2” tall, use shears to carefully cut smaller seedlings, leaving one healthy plant per pod.
- It is best to keep all plant heights within 2 inches of each other, by pruning and harvesting regularly. This allows shorter or slow-growing plants time to mature before the lights are raised.
- Never try to prune a harvest just above a new leaf set — as seen in diagram A.

Plants will grow into each other’s space and block light. To keep all plants in your garden healthy, trim back the leaves from the sides of the plant — as seen in diagram B.

For best growth, never harvest more than one-third (1/3) of a plant at a time. Harvest and prune early and often. Continue to harvest each week as needed. Plants grow back quickly.

- After your harvest, lower the lamp hood to keep the lights 1-2” above the plants.
- Little bugs can find their way to your garden by riding in on clothing, on other plants or through an open window or door. It is good practice to check your plants weekly for pests, or whenever you are harvesting. If you find some unwanted guests, spray your plants with water to wash them off. Make sure you spray UNDER the leaves, as bugs usually reside there. For more persistent pests, an insecticidal soap may help.

- Plants will grow into each other’s space and block light. To keep all plants in your garden healthy, trim back the leaves from the sides of the plant — as seen in diagram A.

AeroGrow has an online information center. For more tips about each plant type, about growing in your AeroGarden, and a more detailed tending guide, please visit: www.aerogardensupport.com

www.aerogarden.com
1-800-476-9669   customerservice@AeroGrow.com
How to Use The Grow Anything Kit
in Your AeroGarden

Selecting Seeds
• The maximum grow height of AeroGardens varies depending upon model. Check your garden’s maximum grow height. Try plants that will not grow taller than the space allowed, or choose plants that can be easily pruned to stay within this height restriction (such as basil).
  - AeroGarden 3/6/7: Up to 12”
  - AeroGarden EXTRA/ULTRA: Up to 24”
• Tuberosous plants, or root crops such as carrots, beets, potatoes or peanuts should not be planted in an AeroGarden unless you plan to transplant them soon after germination.
• Tomatoes are popular, but it is important to choose the right varieties to grow in your AeroGarden. For best results, choose dwarf or determinate varieties (your seed pack should give this information). Never plant an indeterminate variety unless you plan to transplant it within 5 weeks.
• Dwarf or miniature varieties often work very well in the AeroGarden.

Step 1 Labeling
1. Label seeds or plant labeling directly on Seed Pod Label(s) with permanent marker.
2. Labels allow for easy identification of plants and provide important light and moisture control benefits as well.

Step 2 Attaching Label
1. Preheat iron to a moderate temperature (between silk and cotton settings on most irons, approx. 300°–400°F).
   Do not use steam.
2. Place each Seed Pod Label on top of Grow Basket. Press iron onto label for a total of 10 seconds.

Step 3 Sow Seeds
1. Insert your seeds into the Grow Sponge opening using fingertips or tweezers. Plant several seeds per Grow Sponge. For large seeds (e.g., pea, squash), cut opening ½” deep with scissors (see photo) and insert 1–2 seeds.
2. Insert Grow Sponge into Grow Basket. Use care not to dislodge seeds.

Step 4 Planting
1. Insert Grow Pods into Grow Surface openings.
2. Place a Grow Dome on each Grow Pod. Leave the Domes on the pods until plants nearly touch the Grow Domes, then remove. Grow Domes are reusable and recyclable.
3. Add cool tap water or distilled water to the Bowl to the “Fill to Here” indicator. Do not use well water or softened water. The AeroGarden has a low water level indicator, but we encourage you to check the water level frequently and keep the Bowl full.
4. Make sure that the Lamp Hood is at the lowest position on the Lamp Arm.
5. If your garden has a “Plant Select” feature, set it to the correct plant type, or closest option to your seed choice.
   Note: All Grow Surface Openings should either contain a Grow Pod or be covered with an AeroGrow Plant Spacer. You may also substitute any moisture-tolerant, light-proof covering, such as a plastic milk jug cap, poker chip or some aluminum foil.

Cuttings and Clones
“Cuttings” or “Clones” is the term used to describe rooting a piece of one plant to create an identical clone of that plant. Many plants, such as tomatoes, are very easy to clone. Some woodier plants, e.g., rosemary or blueberry, require more effort and trial.

1. Saturate Grow Sponge with water.
2. Cut the Grow Sponge open lengthwise.
3. Place cutting in Grow Sponge and close.
4. Carefully push Grow Sponge (with cutting in place) through Seed Pod Label and into Grow Basket.
5. Insert assembled Grow Pod into Grow Surface Opening.

Tips
• Choose cuttings from the freshest new growth of a plant.
• Choose cuttings that are short and small, with limited top growth.
• New cuttings like high levels of humidity; mist them daily and cover them with a clear plastic container to hold in humidity.
• Some difficult species may be stimulated to root by treating them with root-promoting compounds.
• Try stripping some bark off the cuttings of woodier plants to stimulate rooting.
• Check cuttings regularly and remove any unhealthy (rotten or dried up) plants.
• Some cuttings may take weeks to show signs of root development.